A Shared Journey

Doing Business with Ireland Event



Malta Chamber of Commerce Event | 5 November 2024



Overview

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- 3. Opportunity & Challenge
- 4. Conclusion
- 5. Discussion

Ibec Digital Policy 2024

About us

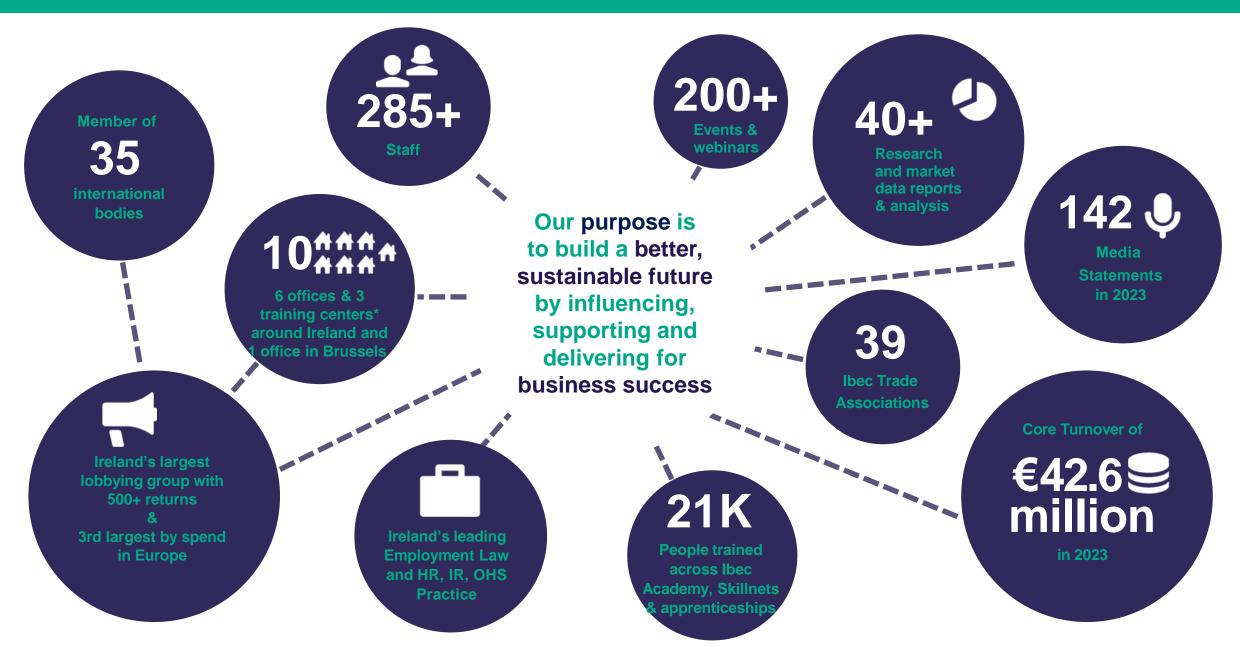


lbec Digital Policy 2024

About Ibec



Ibec by the numbers



Ibec industry sectors: Influence and collaboration

Our 39 Trade Associations lobby, educate and provide great knowledge sharing, networking and skills training to improve the overall competitiveness of our industries



























Ibec EU & International

Competitive Business Competitive Europe

Irish Business EU Policy Priorities for 2024-2029





Ireland's Journey

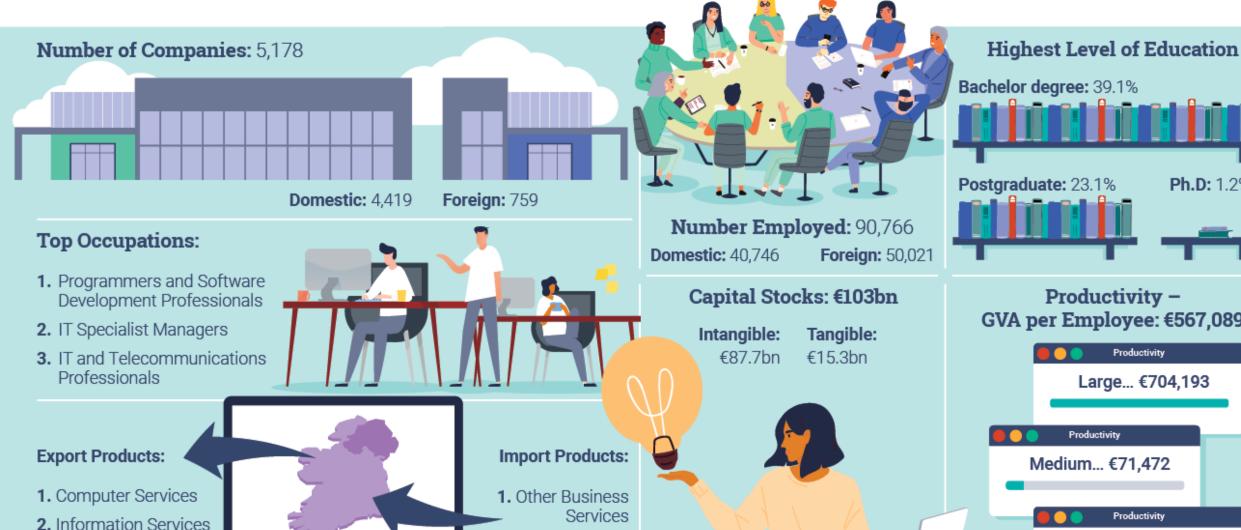




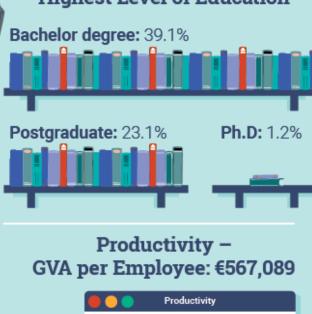
3. Charges for IP

Central Statistics Office

Information and Communications Technology: Value Chain 2019



2. Charges for IP



Small... €53,602

IE – Digitalised Ecosystem

- Frontrunner/Hub (EU/OECD)
- 16 of top 20 global tech Co.s & the top 3 enterprise software providers chose Ireland (IDA)
- 50% of tech companies have been here for 10+ years; 33% for over two decades (IDA)
- 7,911 FTEs in Cyber Sector (535 firms) (Cyber Ireland, 2024)
- 270,000 employed in "digitally intensive" sectors (lbec Technology Ireland, 2022)
- 41% of goods and services produced in Ireland's economy were transacted digitally. This can take the form of being digitally ordered, digitally delivered or both (2020)

Supports a Smart, Global & Diverse Manufacturing Base

29% of manufacturing jobs are in high technology sectors. This is four times the EU average (Ibec).



No. 1 exporter of contact lenses in Europe



No. 1 exporter in Europe of specialised nutrition products



No. 1 exporterof antisera and immunological products in Europe



No. 5 exporter of data processing machines



No. 2 exporter of medical devices in Europe



No. 2 exporter of orthopaedic products in Europe



No. 2 exporter of complex pharmaceutical goods and medicines in Europe



No. 2 exporter of vaccines in Europe

IE – Regulatory Hub

 Ireland plays important roles in EU data governance – as lead regulator on behalf of all EU citizens in the data protection, cybersecurity and online content space.

Data Protection Commission (2023) DPC Annual Report 2022

- Two-thirds of the fines (more than €1 billion) issued across Europe in 2022, including the EU, EEA and UK, were issued by the Irish DPC.
- In the period 25 May 2018 to end 2022,
 - The Irish DPC received 1,205 valid GDPR cross-border complaints (ca. 95% of the total valid cross border complaints) as Lead Supervisory Authority. 854 (71%) of these complaints were concluded by the Irish DPC by end of 2022.
 - In the same period, where the Irish DPC acted as 'a **Concerned Supervisory Authority**' (i.e., was required to transmit valid cross-border complaints onwards for resolution by another relevant Authority in the EU), 46 (48%) of these complaints were concluded by other EU supervisory authorities by end of 2022.

Opportunity & Challenge



Current Landscape and Economic Overview



Rapid advancement of technology fuelling significant changes in global economy



Challenges:

Infrastructure

Inflation

Global competitiveness



Requirements:

Diverse talent pipelines

Innovative ecosystem

Skills and supporting entrepreneurship

On average, while 19.1% SMEs sell online in EU, only 8.7% engage in online cross-border sales to other EU countries

Ireland's Journey (DESI, 2024)

Digital Decade KPI (1)	Ireland			EU		Digital Decade target by 2030	
Digital Decade IVI I	DESI 2023	DESI 2024	Annual progress	DESI 2024 (year 2023)	Annual progress	IE	EU
Fixed Very High-Capacity Network (VHCN)	83.8%	87.0%	3.8%	78.8%	7.4%	100%	100%
Fibre to the Premises (FTTP) coverage	72.1%	78.5%	8.9%	64.0%	13.5%	х	-
Overall 5G coverage	83.9%	85.3%	1.7%	89.3%	9.8%	100%	100%
Semiconductors		NA					
Edge Nodes		24		1 186		х	10 000
SMEs with at least a basic level of digital intensity	64.2%	66.1%	1.5%	57.7%	2.6%	90%	90%
Cloud	47.4%	53.1%	5.8%	38.9%	7.0%	75%	75%
Artificial Intelligence	7.9%	8.0%	0.6%	8.0%	2.6%	75%	75%
Data analytics	NA	37.1%	NA	33.2%	NA	75%	75%
Al or Cloud or Data analytics	NA	64.1%	NA	54.6%	NA		75%
Unicorns		12		263		х	500
At least basic digital skills	70.5%	72.9%	1.7%	55.6%	1.5%	80%	80%
ICT specialists	6.3%	6.2%	-1.6%	4.8%	4.3%	9.6%	~10%
e ID scheme notification		Yes					
Digital public services for citizens	81.1	81.2	0.2%	79.4	3.1%	100	100
Digital public services for businesses	100.0	100.0	0.0%	85.4	2.0%	100	100
Access to e-Health records	0.0	11.4		79.1	10.6%	80	100

Malta's Journey (DESI, 2024)

Digital Decade KPI (1)	Malta			EU		Digital Decade target by 2030	
Digital Decade III I	DESI 2023	DESI 2024	Annual progress	DESI 2024 (year 2028)	Annual progress	MT	EU
Fixed Very High-Capacity Network (VHCN)	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	78.8%	7.4%	100%	100%
Fibre to the Premises (FTTP) coverage	56.2%	69.6%	23.8%	64.0%	13.5%	100%	-
Overall 5G coverage	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	89.3%	9.8%	100%	100%
Semiconductors		NA					
Edge Nodes		21		1 186		X	10 000
SMEs with at least a basic level of digital intensity	72.8%	76.5%	2.5%	57.7%	2.6%	85%	90%
Cloud	47.5%	58.2%	10.7%	38.9%	7.0%	80%	75%
Artificial Intelligence	10.2%	13.2%	13.8%	8.0%	2.6%	27.2%	75%
Data analytics	NA	35.6%	NA	33.2%	NA	51.1%	75%
Al or Cloud or Data analytics	NA	68.3%	NA	54.6%	NA		75%
Unicorns		3		263		x	500
At least basic digital skills	61.2%	63.0%	1.5%	55.6%	1.5%	75%	80%
ICT specialists	5.0%	4.7%	-6.0%	4.8%	4.3%	8%	~10%
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Digital public services for citizens	100.0	100.0	0.0%	79.4	3.1%	100	100
Digital public services for businesses	97.2	100.0	2.9%	85.4	2.0%	100	100
Access to e-Health records	77.6	88.0	13.4%	79.1	10.6%	100	100

Conclusion

Ibec Digital Policy 2024

"Giorraíonn beirt bóthar"

"Two shorten the road"



Competitive Business Competitive Europe

Irish Business EU Policy Priorities for 2024-2029

An Ibec Campaign



1. Competitiveness and regulation:

Focus on implementation

2. Competition and capital:

Investment and a level playing field

3. Digital and Al:

Support Innovation

4. Social policy and the labour market:

Concentrate on EU added value

5. Industry and energy:

Security, affordability and sustainability

6. Infrastructure and Transport:

Scaling and streamlining

7. Manufacturing and goods:

Governance, harmonisation and innovation

8. Geopolitics, trade and investment:

Renew commitment to openness

Discussion

